



GR-251 Computer Interface Manual

Introduction

The GR-251 High Performance Multi-Reader is designed to read Trovan, ISO FDX-B, Destron/FECAVA/HomeAgain, and AVID RFID (radio frequency identification) transponders. Details of reader operation can be found in the Trovan GR-251 High Performance Multi-Reader User Manual.

Advanced Reader Functions

The GR-251 High Performance Multi-Reader is capable of communicating with an external computer via its RS-232 interface. This interface allows the external computer to transfer transponder ID numbers to and from the reader, as well as control reader parameters.

The reader is capable of four modes of operation. These modes allow the operator to store transponder readings in the reader's internal memory, as well as compare the ID number with others previously stored. This comparison feature provides a means to signal the operator when one or more desired transponders have been located within a larger group. As an added feature, the transponder readings are date and time stamped at the instant of reading, and this information is stored along with the ID number in the reader's memory.

Up to 8,128 transponder ID number readings, automatically stamped with date and time, can be stored in the reader's EEPROM memory. Readings can be stored into one, or more, of 254 discrete subsets, called Lots.

The following parameters can be set via the RS-232 interface:

- Date, time, and day of the week
- Communications parameters (BAUD rate, etc.)
- Save and Seek modes

If "Save" mode is selected, the operator selects a Lot number (1-254) to which readings will be saved.

If "Seek" mode is selected, the operator selects a Keylot number (1-254) whose existing contents will be compared to new readings. A Keylot is a Lot in which ID numbers have previously been stored.

"Save" directs the reader to store the transponder ID numbers in its memory, in a previously specified Lot. "Seek" directs the reader to compare the transponder ID number being read to those previously stored in a Keylot. The "Save" and "Seek" modes define four modes of reader operation. The format of the display will vary depending upon the transponder type that was just read. Refer to the User Manual for details.

Save = No : Seek = No

This is the normal, default mode of operation of the reader. In this mode, the reader displays the transponder ID number on its LCD. The ID numbers are not stored in the reader's memory.

```
READING .....  
S 07/25/05 13:47
```

When the trigger is released, the reader displays the transponder ID number for approximately 30 seconds.

```
ID# 12-3456-789A
```

Save = Yes : Seek = No

In this mode, the reader displays the transponder ID number on its LCD and also stores it, along with the current Lot number, Weekday, Date & Time in the reader's memory. The ID number will be displayed on the LCD until the operator releases the trigger.

```
READING #0012...  
S 07/25/05 13:47
```

```
ID# 12-3456-789A  
Lot# 238 SAVED
```

```
ID# 12-3456-789A  
Lot# 238 DUPE
```

If the ID number is already present in that Lot, the reading is NOT stored, and the operator is notified that a duplicate reading has occurred.

When the trigger is released, the reader displays the mode it is in (SAVE), the current Lot number (e.g., 238), and the number of readings that can still be stored in the reader's memory (e.g., FRE=3061).

```
SAVE  
Lot# 238 FRE=3061
```

When the reader's memory is full, the LCD will display a MEMORY FULL message.

MEMORY FULL

When the reader's memory is full, the LCD will display a *MEMORY FULL* message.

MEMORY FULL

Save = No : Seek = Yes

In this mode, the reader compares each ID number being read with all of the ID numbers previously stored in a particular Keylot. If the ID number matches any of the ID numbers in the Keylot, the reader's LCD indicates a match.

READING
S 07/25/05 13:47

ID# 12-3456-789A
MATCH

ID# 12-3456-789A
NO MATCH

If the ID number does not match any of the ID numbers in the Keylot, the reader's LCD indicates no match was made.

When the trigger is released, the reader displays the current Keylot number (e.g., 002).

Keylot#002

Save = Yes : Seek = Yes

This mode is identical to **Save=No:Seek=Yes**, except that any matching ID numbers found in the Keylot are stored in the Lot.

READING #1564...
S 07/25/05 13:47

ID# 12-3456-789A
Lot#238 MATCH

ID# 12-3456-789A
Lot#238 NO MATCH

Any ID numbers that do not match the contents of the Keylot are displayed, but not stored.

If the ID number is already present in the current Lot, the reading is not stored, and the operator is notified that a duplicate reading has occurred.

ID# 12-3456-789A
Lot# 238 DUPE

Keylot#002 SAVE
Lot# 238 FRE=1508

When the trigger is released, the reader displays the current Keylot number (e.g., 002), the mode it is in (SAVE), the current Lot number (e.g., 238), and the number of readings that can still be stored in the reader's memory (e.g., FRE=1508).

The default Lot number is 1, and the default Keylot number is 2. **Note: The Lot number must always be different from the Keylot number.**

Communicating with the GR-251 Reader

The GR-251 High Performance Multi-Reader can communicate with a computer via its RS-232 interface. The interface cable must have a Conxall Mini-Con-X 6282-8SG-311 8-pin socket connector on one end to mate with the reader's connector. The other end must have a 9-pin D connector for connecting to a computer. The signal pin-out connections are as follows:

Reader's 8-pin Socket Connector	Computer's 9-pin D Connector
Pin 7 TXD	Pin 2 RXD
Pin 6 RXD	Pin 3 TXD
Pin 5 DTR	Pin 4 DSR
Pin 4 Ground	Pin 5 Ground

Note: An optional interface cable must be purchased to connect the reader to a computer via the RS-232 interface. Or you can fabricate your own interface cable.

The reader is switchable between two basic modes: Trovan mode & On-line mode. The mode may be changed by sending the 2 characters: <Ctrl-Z>x where x = 0 -> Trovan mode and x = 1 -> On-line mode. The Trovan mode will be selected if x is set to some other number than 0 or 1. <Ctrl-Z> is the ASCII character 1Ah. The default mode is Trovan.

Trovan Mode Operation

The Trovan mode permits the user to define the operation of the reader. Setting the internal clock, communication parameters, and memory storage modes are all performed in the Trovan mode using the RS-232 Commands.

A communications program such as Hyper Terminal or Procomm can be used to send commands to the reader. These commands are in the form of ASCII characters. The reader will respond using ASCII characters. Valid commands are described in the RS-232 Command Summary. The default interface parameters are 9600 BAUD, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity (9600,8,N,1). The reader follows Xon/Xoff protocol. Receipt of ^S (Xoff) suspends data communications, and ^Q (Xon) restarts communications.

Notes:

- All commands sent to the reader MUST be capital letters.
- These commands are available only when the GR-251 reader is set into the "Trovan" mode (vs. "On-line" mode), which is the default mode.
- All data are transmitted in ASCII hexadecimal form (i.e., "00" through "FF") unless otherwise noted.
- <cr> = Carriage Return

RS-232 Command Summary (Trovan mode only)			
Command		Response	
<cr>	Null command. Host software should issue this command until the OK response is received to insure proper initialization of the reader's RS-232 serial port.	<nul>OK<cr> <nul> Note: <nul>=00h	Communication has been established. Communication has NOT been established.
xx<cr>	If an invalid character or unrecognized command is sent, the reader	<nul>NO<cr> Note: <nul>=00h	Invalid character or unrecognized command.

	will respond with a NO response. xx is <u>any</u> invalid command. This response may also be sent the first time communication is attempted.		
<Ctrl-Z>0	Set reader into "Trovan" mode. Note: <Ctrl-Z> = the character 1Ah	None	Reader is set into "Trovan" mode. LCD displays "COMMAND SET CHGE ACTIVE SET = 0" for 2 seconds.
<Ctrl-Z>1	Set reader into "On-line" mode. Note: <Ctrl-Z> = the character 1Ah	None	Reader is set into "On-line" mode. LCD displays "COMMAND SET CHGE ACTIVE SET = 1" for 2 seconds.
Note: The family of A commands is used for setup of the On-line communication parameters. Except for Abnn, which sets the BAUD rate, these communication parameters are applicable ONLY when the reader has been set into the "On-line" mode using the <Ctrl-Z>1 command.			
AA<cr>	Display current On-line settings.		The reader will send the values of the communication parameters.
AB<cr>	Display BAUD rate.	nnAOK<cr>	nn = BAUD rate 03 = 300 BAUD 12 = 1200 24 = 2400 48 = 4800 96 = 9600 19 = 19200

ABnn<cr>	Set BAUD rate. nn = BAUD rate 03 = 300 BAUD 12 = 1200 24 = 2400 48 = 4800 96 = 9600 19 = 19200	AOK<cr>	BAUD rate successfully changed.
AC<cr>	Display state of Check Digit Enable parameter.	nAOK<cr>	n=0 => Off n=1 => On
ACn<cr> n=0 => Off n=1 => On	Set Check Digit Enable parameter.	AOK<cr>	Parameter successfully changed.
AE<cr>	Display state of ENQ Enable parameter.	nAOK<cr>	n=0 => Off n=1 => On
AEn<cr> n=0 => Off n=1 => On	Set ENQ Enable parameter.	AOK<cr>	Parameter successfully changed.
AF<cr>	Display state of ACK/NAK Enable parameter.	nAOK<cr>	n=0 => Off n=1 => On
AFn<cr> n=0 => Off n=1 => On	Set ACK/NAK Enable parameter.	AOK<cr>	Parameter successfully changed.
AG<cr>	Display state of Bidirectional Enable parameter.	nAOK<cr>	n=0 => Off n=1 => On
AGn<cr> n=0 => Off n=1 => On	Set Bidirectional Enable parameter.	AOK<cr>	Parameter successfully changed.

AH<cr>	Display state of Scan & Store Enable parameter.	nAOK<cr>	n=0 => Off n=1 => On
AHn<cr> n=0 => Off n=1 => On	Set Scan & Store Enable parameter.	AOK<cr>	Parameter successfully changed.
AI<cr>	Display state of No Decode Message Enable parameter.	nAOK<cr>	n=0 => Off n=1 => On
AIn<cr> n=0 => Off n=1 => On	Set No Decode Message Enable parameter.	AOK<cr>	Parameter successfully changed.
AP<cr>	Display Prefix.	aabb...AOK<cr>	aabb... = String of Prefix characters.
APAabb...<cr> Note: Prefix value is stored in dynamic RAM & will get reset to default value of "Null" (00) whenever Reader is powered on.	Set Prefix = aabb... where aa is a 2 digit hex code for the character to be included in the Prefix string (max. of 16 characters).	AOK<cr> or ANO<cr>	Prefix successfully changed. Illegal character(s) in string
AS<cr>	Display Suffix.	aabb...AOK<cr>	aabb... = String of Suffix characters. Note: Default value = 0D (i.e., carriage return)
ASaabb...<cr> Note: Suffix value is stored in dynamic RAM & will get reset to default value of "Carriage Return" (0D) whenever Reader is powered on.	Set Suffix = aabb... where aa is a 2 digit hex code for the character to be included in the Suffix string (max. of 15 characters).	AOK<cr> or ANO<cr>	Suffix successfully changed. Illegal character(s) in string

AX<cr>	Display No Decode String.	aabb...AOK<cr> or ANO<cr>	aabb... = String of No Decode String characters. Illegal character(s) in string
AXaabb...<cr> Note: No Decode String value is stored in dynamic RAM & will get reset to default value of "Null" whenever Reader is powered on.	Set No Decode String = aabb... where aa is a 2 digit hex code for the character to be included in the No Decode String (max. of 16 characters).	AOK<cr>	No Decode String successfully changed.
C<cr>	Clear all Lots in reader memory.	COK<cr>	Lot memory cleared. Note: It takes 5-10 seconds to clear Lot memory.
D<cr>	Dump the contents of all Lots in reader memory. The ID code is sent with the least significant 2 hexadecimal digits first & the most significant 2 hexadecimal digits last. (Note: This command is the same as the "N" command except that the ID code is sent with the least significant digits first rather than the most	nnaabbccddeeyyo ottgghmmssuuq qv<cr>	nn = Lot number aa = Byte 1 (least significant 2 hexadecimal digits) of ID code bb = Byte 2 of ID code cc = Byte 3 of ID code dd = Byte 4 of ID Code ee = Byte 5 (most significant 2 hexadecimal digits) of ID code yy = Year in decimal (e.g. "06") oo = Month in decimal ("01" -> "12")

	significant digits first.)		tt = Date in decimal ("01" -> "31") gg = Day in decimal ("01" -> "07"; "01" = Monday) hh = Hours in decimal ("00" -> "23") mm = Minutes in decimal ("00" -> "59") ss = Seconds in decimal ("00" -> "59") uu = Hundredths of seconds in decimal ("00" -> "99") qq = TT0A00UU where: TT = 00 -> Trovan TT = 01 -> ISO FDX-B TT = 10 -> Destron/FECAVA/Home Again TT = 11-> AVID A = Animal/Non-animal flag for ISO FDX-B UU = Upper 2 bits of Country/Manufacturer Code for ISO FDX-B vv= 00h for Trovan/Destron/FECAVA/HomeAgain/AVID vv = Lower 8 bits of Country/Manufacturer Code for ISO
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		or DOK<cr>	FDX-B No readings in memory.
Dnn<cr> nn = Lot number (01h -> FEh)	Dump the contents of Lot number nn. The ID code is sent with the least significant 2 hexadecimal digits first and the most significant 2 hexadecimal digits last.	nnaabbccddeeyo ottgghmmssuuq qv<cr> or DOK<cr>	Data fields are the same as for the "D" command. No readings are in the Lot specified.
F<cr>	Read the number of free positions in Lot memory	nnnnFOK<cr>	nnnn = Number of free memory positions.
G<cr>	Read a transponder. (Note: This command is the same as the "I" command except that the ID code is sent with the least significant digits first rather than the most significant digits first.)	aabbccdddeeG OK<cr> or GNO<cr>	aa = Byte 1 (least significant 2 hex digits) of ID code bb = Byte 2 of ID code cc = Byte 3 of ID code dd = Byte 4 of ID Code ee = Byte 5 (most significant 2 hex digits) of ID code No valid ID code was detected.
I<cr>	Read a transponder. (Note: This command is the same as the "G"	eeddccbaaIOK <cr>	ee = Byte 5 (most significant 2 hex digits) of ID code dd = Byte 4 of ID Code

	command except that the ID code is sent with the most significant digits first rather than the least significant digits first.)	or INO<cr>	cc = Byte 3 of ID code bb = Byte 2 of ID code aa = Byte 1 (least significant 2 hex digits) of ID code No valid ID code was detected.
J<cr>	Read the Hex/Decimal display setting.	nJOK<cr>	n=0 -> Display ID # as 10 hexadecimal digits. n=1 -> Display ID # as 12 decimal digits.
Jn<cr> n=0 -> Display ID # as 10 hexadecimal digits. n=1 -> Display ID # as 12 decimal digits.	Set the Trovan transponder Hex/Decimal display setting.	JOK<cr> or JNO<cr>	Setting was changed to n. Setting was not changed due to illegal character in n.
K<cr>	Read the current Keylot setting.	nnKOK<cr>	nn = Keylot # (01H -> FEH)
Knn<cr> nn = Lot number (01h -> FEh)	Set the current Keylot = nn. (Note: Keylot number cannot = Lot number)	KOK<cr> or KNO<cr>	Setting was changed to nn. Keylot # = Lot # or illegal character in nn.
L<cr>	Read the current Lot setting.	nnLOK<cr>	nn = Lot # (01H -> FEH)
Lnn<cr> nn = Lot number (01h -> FEh)	Set the current Lot = nn. (Note: Lot number cannot = Keylot	LOK<cr> or LNO<cr>	Setting was changed to nn. Lot # = Keylot # or illegal character in nn.

	number)		
M<cr>	Read the current Mode settings.	nnMOK<cr>	nn= "XY" X=0 -> Seek mode is not set. X=1 -> Seek mode is set. Y=0 -> Save mode is not set. Y=1 -> Save mode is set.
Mnn<cr>	Set the current Mode settings. nn = "XY" where X=0 -> Clear Seek mode. X=1 -> Set Seek mode. Y=0 -> Clear Save mode. Y=1 -> Set Save mode.	MOK<cr> or MNO<cr>	Settings were changed. Illegal character in nn.
N<cr>	Dump the contents of all Lots in reader memory. The ID code is sent with the most significant 2 hexadecimal digits first and the least significant 2 hexadecimal digits last. (Note: This command is the	nneedccbaayyo ottgghmmssuuq qv<cr>	nn = Lot number ee = Byte 5 (most significant 2 hex digits) of ID code dd = Byte 4 of ID Code cc = Byte 3 of ID code bb = Byte 2 of ID code aa = Byte 1 (least significant 2 hex digits) of ID code yy = Year in decimal

	same as the "D" command except that the ID code is sent with the most significant digits first rather than the least significant digits first.)		(e.g. "06") oo = Month in decimal ("01" -> "12") tt = Date in decimal ("01" -> "31") gg = Day in decimal ("01" -> "07"; "01" = Monday) hh = Hours in decimal ("00" -> "23") mm = Minutes in decimal ("00" -> "59") ss = Seconds in decimal ("00" -> "59") uu = Hundredths of seconds in decimal ("00" -> "99") qq = TT0A00UU where: TT = 00 -> Trovan TT = 01 -> ISO FDX-B TT = 10 -> Destron/FECAVA/Home Again TT = 11-> AVID A = Animal/Non-animal flag for ISO FDX-B UU = Upper 2 bits of Country/Manufacturer Code for ISO FDX-B vv= 00h for Trovan/Destron/FECAVA/HomeAgain/AVID
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		or NOK<cr>	vv = Lower 8 bits of Country/Manufacturer Code for ISO FDX-B No readings in memory.
Nnm<cr> nn = Lot number (01h -> FEh)	Dump the contents of Lot number nn. The ID code is sent with the most significant 2 hexadecimal digits first and the least significant 2 hexadecimal digits last.	nneeddccbbaayyo ottgghmmssuuq qv<cr> or NOK<cr>	Data fields are the same as for the "N" command. No readings are in the Lot specified.
P<cr>	Read the trigger.	dPOK<cr>	d=0 -> Trigger is not depressed. d=1 -> Trigger is depressed.
Snaabbccddeeyoo ttgghmmssuuqqv <cr>	Save the data to Lot memory where: nn = Lot number (01-FE) ee = Byte 5 (most significant 2 hex digits) of ID code dd = Byte 4 of ID Code cc = Byte 3 of ID code bb = Byte 2 of ID code	SOK<cr> or SNO<cr>	Data were successfully saved in Lot memory. Unsuccessful. Either Lot memory is full or the Lot Number nn = "00" or an invalid character was entered.

	aa = Byte 1 (least significant 2 hex digits) of ID code yy = Year in decimal (e.g. "07") oo = Month in decimal ("01" -> "12") tt = Date in decimal ("01" -> "31") gg = Day in decimal ("01" -> "07"; "01" = Monday) hh = Hours in decimal ("00" -> "23") mm = Minutes in decimal ("00" -> "59") ss = Seconds in decimal ("00" -> "59") uu = Hundredths of seconds in decimal ("00" -> "99") qq=TT0A00UU where: TT=00 -> Trovan TT=01 -> ISO FDX-B TT=10 -> Destron/ FECAVA/Home Again		
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	<p>TT=11-> AVID</p> <p>A = Animal/ Non-animal flag for ISO FDX-B</p> <p>UU = Upper 2 bits of Country/ Manufacturer Code for ISO FDX-B</p> <p>vv= 00h for Trovan/Destron /FECAVA/Ho meAgain/AVID</p> <p>vv = Lower 8 bits of Country/ Manufacturer Code for ISO FDX-B</p>		
T<cr>	Read date and time.	yyoottgghmmss uu<cr>	<p>yy = Year in decimal (e.g. "06")</p> <p>oo = Month in decimal ("01" -> "12")</p> <p>tt = Date in decimal ("01" -> "31")</p> <p>gg = Day in decimal ("01" -> "07"; "01" = Monday)</p> <p>hh = Hours in decimal ("00" -> "23")</p> <p>mm = Minutes in decimal ("00" -> "59")</p> <p>ss = Seconds in decimal ("00" -> "59")</p> <p>uu = Hundredths of seconds in decimal ("00" -> "99")</p>

Tyyoottgghmmssu u<cr>	<p>Set date and time where:</p> <p>yy = Year in decimal (e.g. "06")</p> <p>oo = Month in decimal ("01" -> "12")</p> <p>tt = Date in decimal ("01" -> "31")</p> <p>gg = Day in decimal ("01" -> "07"; "01" = Monday)</p> <p>hh = Hours in decimal ("00" -> "23")</p> <p>mm = Minutes in decimal ("00" -> "59")</p> <p>ss = Seconds in decimal ("00" -> "59")</p> <p>uu = Hundredths of seconds in decimal ("00" -> "99")</p>	<p>TOK<cr></p> <p>or</p> <p>TNO<cr></p>	<p>Date and time successfully saved.</p> <p>Note: No checking is performed to ensure a valid date/time has been set.</p> <p>Illegal character in data.</p>
V<cr>	Read the reader software version.	ttttttttttttttVOK <cr>	tttttttttttttt = 16 character ASCII message containing the software version.
Xttttttttttttttt<cr>	Display the 16 character ASCII message tttttttttttttt on the first line of	XOK<cr>	Reader displays all 16 characters, or stops if a <cr> is encountered in the

	the reader's LCD.		string.
Yttttttttttt<cr>	Display the 16 character ASCII message tttttttttttt on the second line of the reader's LCD.	YOK<cr>	Reader displays all 16 characters, or stops if a <cr> is encountered in the string.
Zaa<cr>	<p>Illuminate the reader's LEDs and/or emit tone from speaker where:</p> <p>aa = Hex value = xxssxxgr in binary</p> <p>x = Don't care</p> <p>g = Green LED</p> <p>r = Red LED</p> <p>ss = 00 -> Do not emit a tone</p> <p>ss = 01 -> Emit KEY tone</p> <p>ss = 10 -> Emit OK tone</p> <p>ss = 11 -> Emit NO tone</p>	<p>ZOK<cr></p> <p>or</p> <p>ZNO<cr></p>	<p>Command received and executed.</p> <p>Illegal character "aa".</p>

On-line Mode Operation

The On-line mode emulates the protocol available in many data collection devices. The reader can send transponder ID numbers to the host computer as the transponder is scanned, or save it in a buffer for later retrieval. The BAUD rate, Prefix, Suffix, and handshaking protocols are user defined and are set using the RS-232 Commands while in the Trovan mode.

The reader is wired as DCE, so it looks like a modem to the host computer. In all modes, the RS-232 interface is configured with 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity. The default BAUD rate is 9600 BAUD. The reader follows Xon/Xoff protocol, where data transmission is suspended after receipt of Xoff (^S) and resumes after reception of Xon (^Q). Conversely, if the host computer receives Xoff, it should suspend data transmission until after receipt of Xon.

BAUD Rate – Settable to 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 or 19200 BAUD

The BAUD rate setting applies to both the Trovan and On-line modes. After the BAUD rate setting is altered, the new BAUD setting will not take effect until the reader's RS-232 interface is reinitialized by removing and then reconnecting the interface cable or having the host computer drop, and then reassert, DTR.

The following parameters apply only in the On-line mode:

ACK/NAK Software Handshaking Enable – On/Off

If ACK/NAK is On, the reader will look for either <ACK> (06h) or <NAK> (15h) to be sent by the host computer after the reader transmits the ID number to the host computer. An <ACK> sent by the host computer indicates that the host computer has acknowledged receipt of the data. A <NAK> sent by the host computer indicates a problem with the transmission, and the reader will retransmit the data. If no <ACK> or <NAK> is received from the host computer within approximately 10 seconds, the reader will also retransmit the data. An error message ("Communications Error") will be displayed on the reader's LCD after three unsuccessful transmission attempts.

ENQ Software Handshaking Enable – On/Off

When ENQ is On, the reader will wait for the host computer to send an <ENQ> character (05h) before sending any data. If <ENQ> is not received within approximately 10 seconds, an error message ("Communications Error") will be displayed on the reader's LCD. If both the ENQ and the Scan & Store modes are enabled, only data stored in the Scan & Store buffer will be sent. In this situation, the 10 second timeout

is disabled, thereby allowing the host computer to request the transmission of stored data at any time.

Check Digit Enable – On/Off

If On, a 2 digit ASCII hexadecimal check digit will be appended to the ID code. The check digit is the modulo 256 sum of the ASCII code and does not include the Prefix or Suffix.

Bidirectional Enable – On/Off

When set On, the On-line command set is enabled. At this time, no On-line commands are defined, so this should be set to Off. A host computer actuated read is an example of a reader operation, which could be initiated, in the On-line mode by such a command. Such a host computer actuated read currently may be performed by using either the “G” command or “I” command in the Trovan command set.

No Decode Message Enable – On/Off

When set On, a user defined string of characters will be sent according to the current handshaking protocol after each unsuccessful read attempt. The Prefix, Suffix, and Check Digit are not sent after an unsuccessful read attempt when the No Decode Message Enable = On.

Scan & Store Enable – On/Off

When set On, the reader will save the transponder ID numbers in the Scan & Store buffer. This buffer is capable of storing up to 3 readings in dynamic RAM. If ENQ is Off, the reader will also immediately sent out the ID number of the transponder just read according to the current handshaking protocol. If ENQ is On, nothing is sent by the reader until <ENQ> is sent by the host computer. When the reader receives the <ENQ> character, it will send out one ID number from the Scan & Store buffer, along with any Prefix, Suffix, and Checksum. If the host computer acknowledges receipt of the data according to the current handshaking protocol, that data will be erased from the buffer. If the protocol is such that the host computer is not required to acknowledge receipt of the data (i.e., ACK/NAK is Off), the data will be erased automatically from the buffer after transmission. The data are sent out on a first in/last out basis. If the buffer is empty, the reader will send <ACK> in response to the host computer’s <ENQ> character. The

receipt of this <ACK> character must be acknowledged by the host computer according to the current protocol. No command is provided to clear the Scan & Store buffer, so the buffer can only be emptied by sending the reader <ENQ> characters until the reader responds with <ACK>. If the Scan & Store Enable is switched to Off, and/or the reader is switched to the Trovan mode, the contents of the Scan & Store buffer will remain intact, but no new scanned ID numbers will be saved in the buffer until the Scan & Store is re-enabled and the On-line mode is again selected. If the reader goes to “sleep” due to 30 seconds of inactivity (i.e., no trigger depression or the DTR signal from the computer is removed or set inactive for 30 seconds), the contents of the Scan & Store buffer will be lost, as will the Prefix string, Suffix string, and No Decode String described below.

The following three strings are user definable:

Prefix

A user defined string that can contain any character except the null (00h) character, which is used as the terminating character. The Prefix can be from 0 to 15 characters long. The Prefix is sent with every ID code immediately preceding the ID number. The default value is 00h (null character).

Suffix

A user defined string that can contain any character except the null (00h) character, which is used as the terminating character. The Suffix can be from 0 to 15 characters long. The Suffix is sent with every ID code immediately following the ID number, or the Checkdigit if the Checkdigit Enable is set to On. The default value is 0Dh (carriage return).

No Decode String

A user defined string that can contain any character except the null (00h) character, which is used as the terminating character. The No Decode String can be from 0 to 15 characters long. The No Decode String is sent whenever an unsuccessful read attempt is made. The Prefix and Suffix are not sent. The default value is 00h (null character).

Note: Prefix, Suffix & No Decode String are stored in dynamic RAM and will get reset to their default values whenever the reader is powered on.

Troubleshooting

The Reader Doesn't Read

Symptoms: When the trigger is depressed, the red and green LEDs do not illuminate, and the LCD is blank. There is no response from the reader.

Response: The battery voltage is low. Recharge the battery. If there is still no response after recharging the battery, the battery needs to be replaced with a fully charged 12 volt NiMH battery. Do NOT replace the 12 volt battery with a 9 volt battery (even though the battery connectors are the same) – the reader will not operate with a 9 volt battery.

The Reader Doesn't Communicate with My Computer

Symptoms: My computer software program doesn't appear to communicate with the reader..

Response: Make sure you are using the correct RS-232 interface cable.

Make sure the cable is well-mated to your computer's communications port (i.e., it doesn't wobble) and to the reader. The reader's mating connector is keyed and can only be attached in the correct keyed position. Make sure the connector is making good contact by tightening the connector's slip ring.

Make sure your computer is running a communications program such as Hyper Terminal or Procomm, or a Trovan GR-251 compatible applications software program.

Make sure your communications program has its communications parameters set to 9600,N,8,1. If you have previously changed the reader's BAUD rate to something other than 9600, make sure your communications program is using the correct BAUD rate.

The Reader Displays an Error Message on the LCD

The following is a list of error messages that may be displayed on the reader's LCD, along with possible causes and remedies.

MEMORY FULL When saving transponder ID numbers to the reader's memory in the SAVE mode, the LCD will display a MEMORY FULL message when the memory becomes full. Either clear memory using the "C" command or switch out of the SAVE mode.

****Flash Write**
** Error **** There has been an error when trying to save a transponder ID number to the reader's flash memory. Try reading the transponder again. If the error recurs, the reader must be returned for repair.

***Communications*
** Error **** The reader has experienced an error while communicating with the computer. Make sure the RS-232 interface cable is properly connected and the computer and reader communications parameters are set properly.

****Transmitter**
Fault => SERVICE** The reader has experienced a hardware fault and must be returned for repair.

*** Low Battery *
Please RECHARGE** The battery voltage is below approximately 11.8 volts and must be recharged or replaced immediately. The reader will continue functioning until the battery is fully discharged although the reading performance may be diminished.

**SERVICE—Replace
Lithium Battery** The real time clock (RTC) lithium battery voltage is down to approximately 2.5 volts and must be replaced in order to operate the reader in either the Seek and/or Save modes and to maintain an accurate date and time. The reader must be returned for repair to replace the lithium battery. If the RTC lithium battery is not replaced, unpredictable reader operation may occur in the Seek and/or Save modes, the dates and times of transponder readings stored in Lot memory may be inaccurate, and communications parameters (such as BAUD rate) may be unpredictable.